

11. The difference between the highest temperature and lowest temperature for a day is termed as:
- A. annual range of temperature C. diurnal range of temperature
 B. mean monthly temperature D. mean annual temperature
12. Northern Kenya is sparsely populated because of:
1. hot temperatures 3. poor infertile soils
 2. low rainfall amounts 4. remoteness
- A. 1 and 2 B. 2 and 4 C. 1 and 4 D. 2 and 3
13. Which of the following rocks is a secondary rock?
- A. Sandstone B. Granite C. Graphite D. Mudstone
14. Which of the following fish types is mainly extracted from Lake Tanganyika?
- A. Nile perch B. Tilapia C. Dagga D. Mud fish
15. Physical weathering mainly affects the semi arid areas of E. Africa through:
- A. frost action C. exfoliation
 B. granular disintegration D. block disintegration
16. Which of the following lakes are lava dammed?
1. Victoria 3. Mulehe
 2. Bunyonyi 4. Katwe
- A. 1 and 4 A. 2 and 4 C. 3 and 4 D. 2 and 3
17. Which one of the following national parks is popularly known for zebras in east Africa?
- A. Queen Elizabeth B. Tsavo C. Mburo D. Mgahinga
18. The major problem affecting Kampala town is:
- A. high crime rate C. inadequate accommodation
 B. traffic congestion D. poor garbage disposal
19. Horticulture is mainly practiced around urban centres of East Africa because of:
- A. limited land C. ready market
 B. high labour costs D. quick transport
20. Which one of the following minerals in East Africa is mining by the placer method?

- A. diamonds B. copper C. gold D. coal
21. Which of the following is the most common method of catching fish in L. Victoria?
A. Basket trap B. Trawling C. Hook and line D. Gill netting
22. Which of the following landform features is as a result of chemical weathering?
A. Effoliation dowe C. Pillar
B. Corrie D. Screens
23. The major tourist activity at Lake Munyanyange is
A. spot fishing C. sailing
B. swimming D. bird watching
24. Which of the following areas in East Africa is mostly affected by temperature inversion?
A. Karamoja C. Mountain Rwenzori
B. Turkan land D. Kigezi highlands
25. Which one of the following towns in East Africa is developing due to the presence of mineral deposits?
A. Dodoma B. Marsabit C. Buliisa D. Jinja
26. Which one of the following is a good example of a caldera in East Africa?
A. Katwe C. Suswa
B. Nyamunuka D. Elgon
27. Isobars are lines drawn on a map to show areas with the same
A. temperature C. Sunshine
B. Pressure D. Rainfall
28. The development of Mombasa as a Port is mainly due to:
A. deep harbor C. large hinterland
B. efficient transport D. skilled labour
29. The major problem affecting water transport on Lake Victoria is:
A. Poor quality vessels Piracy on waters
B. Poor visibility D. strong winds
30. Which one of the following is an example of a planted forest in Uganda?

- A. Lendu
- B. Budongo

- C. Mabira
- D. Bugoma